

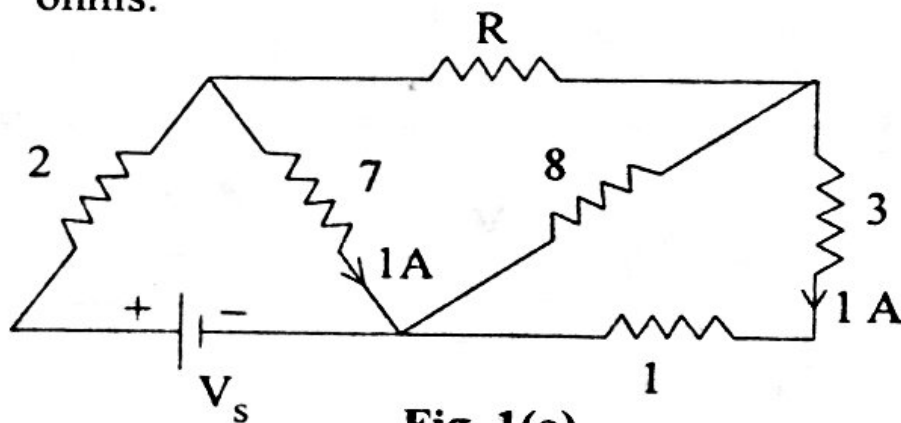
**Faculty of Engineering & Technology**  
**First Semester B.E. (CBS) Examination**  
**BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING**  
**Paper—IV**

Time : Two Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 40

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

- (1) All questions carry marks as indicated.
  - (2) Assume suitable data wherever necessary.
  - (3) Illustrate your answers wherever necessary with the help of neat sketches.
  - (4) Use of non-programmable calculator is permitted.
1. (a) Find the value of resistance  $R$  and voltage  $V_s$  in the circuit shown in Fig. 1(a). All resistors are in ohms. 6

**Fig. 1(a)**

- (b) State and explain Kirchoff's voltage and current laws with suitable example. 4

**OR**

2. (a) Find the equivalent resistance between points A and B using star-delta transformation. Refer Fig. 2(a). 6

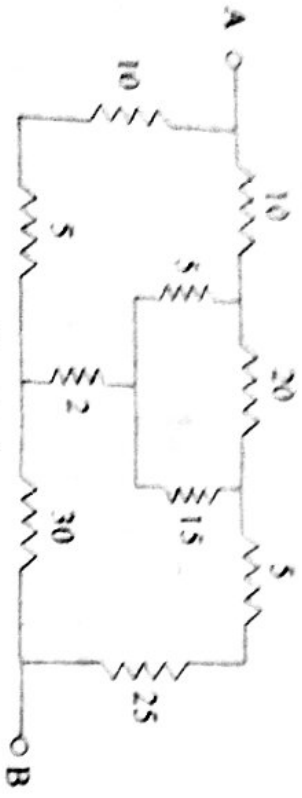


Fig. 2(a)

- (b) Compute the power dissipated in the 9 Ω resistor as shown in Fig. 2(b) by applying superposition theorem. The voltage and current sources should be treated as ideal. All resistors in ohms. 4

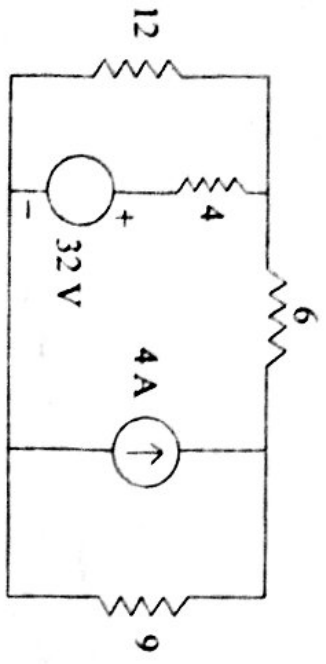


Fig. 2(b)

3. An iron ring of mean length of 30 cm is made of three pieces of cast iron, each has the same length but their respective diameters are 4, 3 and 2.5 cm. An air gap of length 0.5 mm is cut in the 2.5 cm diameter

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piece. If a coil of 1000 turns is wound on the ring, find the value of current it has to carry to produce a flux density of 0.5 wb/m<sup>2</sup> in the air gap. The B-H char. of cast iron may be drawn from the following:

B (wb/m <sup>2</sup> )	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6
H (A/m)	280	620	990	1400	2000	2800

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OR

4. (a) Compare electric and magnetic circuits with respect to their similarities and dissimilarities. 5
- (b) Explain the terms :—
- (i) Reluctance, (ii) Flux density, (iii) Coerive Force, (iv) Magnetomotive force, (v) Residual flux. • 5
5. (a) When a 100 V, 50 Hz ac source is connected to a coil A, the resulting current is 8 A and the power delivered is 120 W. When the same source is connected to coil B, the resulting current is 10 A and the power delivered is 500 W. What current and power will be taken from the source, if the two coils joined in series are connected to it? 6
- (b) Discuss the resonance in R-L-C series circuit with the help of phasor diagram. 4

OR

6. (a) Prove that a three phase balanced load draws three times as much power when connected in delta, as it would draw when connected in star.

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(b) Three resistances each of  $500 \Omega$  are connected in star to 400 V, 50 Hz, 3 Phase supply. If three capacitor when connected to delta to the same supply take the same line currents, calculate the capacitance of each capacitor and the line current.

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7. (a) Derive an emf equation for the single phase transformer.

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(b) A 400/200 V single phase transformer is supplying a load of 50 amp. at the power factor of 0.866 lagging. The no load current is found to be 2 amp. at 0.208 p.f. lagging. Calculate the current and power factor on primary side of transformer. Draw the phasor diagram.

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**OR**

8. (a) Describe open circuit test and short circuit test on 1 phase transformer in brief.

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(b) A 5 KVA, 2300/230 V, 50 Hz transformer was tested for the iron losses with normal excitation and Cu. losses at full load and these were found to be 40 W and 112 W respectively. Calculate the efficiencies of the transformer at 0.8 p.f. for (i) Half load (ii) Full load.

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