

**Database Management System**

P. Pages : 3

Time : Three Hours



**NKT/KS/17/7351**

Max. Marks : 80

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- Notes :
1. All questions carry marks as indicated.
  2. Solve Question 1 OR Questions No. 2.
  3. Solve Question 3 OR Questions No. 4.
  4. Solve Question 5 OR Questions No. 6.
  5. Solve Question 7 OR Questions No. 8.
  6. Solve Question 9 OR Questions No. 10.
  7. Solve Question 11 OR Questions No. 12.
  8. Assume suitable data whenever necessary.

1. a) Define the following terms: 7
- i) Data Model.
  - ii) Database schema.
  - iii) Database state.
  - iv) Internal Schema.
  - v) Conceptual Schema.
  - vi) External Schema.
  - vii) Data Independence.
- b) Consider the following relations for a database that keeps track of auto sales in a car dealership. (Option refer to some optional equipment installed on an auto): 7
- CAR (Serial\_No, Model, Manufacturer, Price)  
OPTIONS (Serial\_No, Option\_Name, Price)  
SALES (Sales person\_id, Serial\_No, Date, Sales price)  
SALESPERSON (sales person\_id, Name, Phone)
- Specify the foreign keys for this schema, stating any assumptions you make. Next, populate the relations with a few example tuples, and then give an example of an insertion in the SALES and SALESPERSON relations that violates the referential integrity constraints and of another insertion that does not.

**OR**

2. a) What are the draw-backs of file processing system? 5
- b) Describe the different types of Languages and their functions in database system. 5
- c) What is significance of view? Also mention its syntax in SQL. 4

3. a) Describe with suitable example in relational algebra. 8
- i) Union
  - ii) Natural Join
  - iii) Intersection
  - iv) Set difference.
- b) Convert the following relational algebra into SQL queries :- 5
- i)  $\pi_A(R)$
  - ii)  $\sigma_{B=17}(R)$
  - iii)  $R \times S$

**OR**

4. a) What do you mean by relational calculus, Explain domain and tuple calculus. 7
- b) Describe any three aggregate function and any three string function in SQL. 6
5. a) What is multivalued dependency? Compare 4NF with 5NF. 7
- b) Compute the closure of the following set F of FD's for the relation R = (A, B, C, D, E) where 6
- { A → BC  
 CD → E  
 B → D  
 E → A  
 }
- List all candidate key of R.

**OR**

6. a) What do you mean by primary and secondary indexing? Also explain sparse and dense Indexing. 7
- b) Construct  $B^+$  for the following set of key value {1, 4, 7, 10, 17, 21, 31, 25, 19, 20, 28, 42} having n = 4 and n = 6. 6
7. Solve the following (Solve **any four**). 3
- i) Pipelining & Materialization. 3
  - ii) Indexed nested loop Join. 3
  - iii) Block nested loop Join. 3
  - iv) Query processing. 4
  - v) Sorted Merge Join. 3
  - vi) Query optimization & its various techniques. 4

**OR**

8. a) Explain how heuristic optimization is performed with example. 7  
b) Discuss the main cost components and type of information that are used in cost function for query execution. 6
9. a) Explain concept of Transaction with properties. 8  
b) Explain the term of shadow paging with example. 5

**OR**

10. a) Explain concept of serializability. 8  
b) Explain the term schedule and transaction with one example. 5
11. a) Describe different types of failures that occurs in the system? How they are recovered. 7  
b) What is buffering? Explain role of operating system in buffer management. 7

**OR**

12. Write short note on : **any four**.
- i) Distributed database. 4  
ii) Web database. 3  
iii) Checkpoints / save points. 3  
iv) Data warehouse. 3  
v) Data mining. 4  
vi) Recovery in database. 3

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