## B.E. (Electrical Engineering (Electronics & Power)) Fifth Semester (C.B.S.)

## **Utilization of Electric Energy**

P. Pages: 2 Time: Three Hours			* 0 9 1 2 *	<b>TKN/KS/16/7422</b> Max. Marks: 80	
	Note	s: 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10.	All questions carry marks as indicated. Solve Question 1 OR Questions No. 2. Solve Question 3 OR Questions No. 4. Solve Question 5 OR Questions No. 6. Solve Question 7 OR Questions No. 8. Solve Question 9 OR Questions No. 10. Solve Question 11 OR Questions No. 12. Due credit will be given to neatness and adequate dimensions. Assume suitable data whenever necessary. Illustrate your answers whenever necessary with the help of neatness of non programmable calculator is permitted.	t sketches.	
1.	a)	Write the methods	he advantages and disadvantages of electric heating over cons.	ventional heating 6	
	b)	A 20 KW, 230V, single phase resistance over employs nickel-chrome wire for its heating elements. If the wire temperature is not to exceed 1200°C and the temperature of the charge is to be 600°C, Calculate the diameter and length of the wire. Assume radiating efficiency as 0.6 and emissivity as 0.9. Specific resistance of nickel-chrome is 1.016 micro-ohm-m.			
			OR		
2.	a)	With a 1	neat sketch, describe the working of a coreless type induction furn	nace. 6	
	b)	A slab of insulating material $150 \text{ cm}^2$ in area and 1cm thick is to be heated by dielectric heating. The power required is $400\text{W}$ at $30 \text{ MHz}$ . Material has a relative permittivity of 5 and Pf 0.05. Absolute permittivity = $8.854 \times 10^{12} \text{f/m}$ Determine the necessary voltage.			
3.	a)	Describ	e in brief various methods of electric welding.	7	
	b)	Compar	re between AC are welding and DC are welding.	7	
			OR		
4.	a)	Explain	with a neat sketch how spot welding is carried out by spot welding	ng machine. 7	
	b)	Explain	electron beam welding.	7	
5.	a)	Define a	and explain the following terms.	6	
		i) Illu	umination		
		ii) Uti	ilization factor		
		iii) So	lid angle		

	b)	A lamp of 500 watts housing M.S.C.P. of 1000 is suspended 2.7 meters above the working plane. Calculate.				
		i) Illumination directly below the lamp at the working plane.				
		ii) Lamp efficiency				
		iii) Illumination at a point 2.5 meters away on the horizontal plane from vertically below the lamp.				
		OR				
6.	a)	Explain law of inverse squares for illumination.				
	b)	Estimate the number and wattage of lamps which would be required to illuminate a workspace 50 x 60 meters by means of lamps mounted 5m above the working plane. The average illumination required is about 110 Lux coefficient of utilization = 0.4, luminous efficiency is 16 lumens/w. Assume space-height ratio of unity and depreciation factor 20%.				
7.	a)	What are different types of refrigeration systems. Explain vapour compression refrigeration cycle.	7			
	b)	What do you understand by primary and secondary refrigerants? Give examples for both types.	6			
		OR				
8.	a)	Define air-conditioning. Explain various factors involved in air-conditioning.	7			
	b)	Explain in brief about the functioning of a drinking water cooler.	6			
9.	a)	Explain different types of fans along with proper sketches.	7			
	b)	What are the various air flow control strategies of fans?	6			
		OR				
10.	a)	Explain with a neat sketch principle and working of a centrifugal pump.	7			
	b)	Explain in brief various factors affecting pump performance.	6			
11.	a)	What is a compressors? Give classification of compressors.	7			
	b)	Explain in brief about compressor air system components.	6			
		OR				
12.	a)	Explain the 'DG set system' with a block diagram.	7			
	b)	Describe the factors affecting energy performance assessment of DG sets.	6			
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