B.E. Fourth Semester (Computer Technology / Computer Science Engineering / Information Technology / Computer Engineering) (C.B.S.)

Discrete Mathematics & Graph Theory Paper – I

P. Pages: 4
Time: Three Hours



KNT/KW/16/7288/7293/7298/7303

Max. Marks: 80

Notes: 1. All questions carry marks as indicated.

- 2. Solve Question 1 OR Questions No. 2.
- 3. Solve Question 3 OR Questions No. 4.
- 4. Solve Question 5 OR Questions No. 6.
- 5. Solve Question 7 OR Questions No. 8.
- 6. Solve Ouestion 9 OR Ouestions No. 10.
- 7. Solve Question 11 OR Questions No. 12.
- 8. Due credit will be given to neatness and adequate dimensions.
- 9. Use of non programmable calculator is permitted.
- 1. a) Prove that (i) $(A \cap B)' = A' \cup B'$ and $(A \cup B)' = A' \cap B'$.

6

b) Construct the truth table for the following formula. $(\sim q \rightarrow p) \lor q$.

2

c) Write the negation of"If the sky is cloudy, then it rains and if it rains then the sky is cloudy."

OR

- 2. a) Test the validity of the following argument.

 "If I study, then I will not fail in Mathematics. If I do not play basket ball, then I will study. But I failed in Mathematics ----- therefore I played basket ball.
- 2/2

b) Show by Mathematical induction that $n^3 + 2n$ is divisible by 3.

3

c) Write the contrapositive of "If x is a boss, then x is bad".

- 2
- 3. a) Let $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ and $R = \{(1, 2), (2, 3), (3, 4)\}$ be a relation on A. Find transitive closure of R and draw its digraph.
- 6
- b) Let $A = \{a, b, c\}$ and P(A) be its power set. Let \subseteq be the partial order relation on it. Draw Hasse diagram of $(P(A), \subset)$.
- 6

c) Prove that $A \times (B \cup C) = (A \times B) \cup (A \times C)$.

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OR

4. a) If $f: x \to y$ and $g: y \to z$ and both f and g are one-one and onto. Show that –

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- i) $g \circ f$ is one-one & onto
- ii) $(g \circ f)^{-1} = f^{-1} \circ g^{-1}$.

- Let $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$ and R be a relation on A given by $R = \{(x, y) : x y \text{ is } \}$ divisible by 3. Prove that R is an equivalence relation.

Using properties of characteristic function prove that c)

- $A \cap (B \cup C) = (A \cap B) \cup (A \cap C)$ i)
- $(A^c)^c = A$. ii)
- Prove that fourth roots of unity forms an abelian group under multiplication. **5.** a)
- 6
- b) Show that the set of matrices $A_{\alpha} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos_{\alpha} & -\sin_{\alpha} \\ \sin_{\alpha} & \cos_{\alpha} \end{bmatrix}$, $\alpha \in R$ forms a monoid.

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OR

Define normal subgroup and prove that every subgroup of an abelian group is a normal subgroup.

b) Show that the set $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$ under multiplication modulo 4 is not a group, but $B = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ under multiplication modulo 5 is a group.

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7. Let (L_1, D_6) and $L_2 = (P(S), S)$ be two lattices where $D_6 = \{1, 2, 3, 6\}$ and $S = \{a, b\}$. a) Then show that L_1 and L_2 are isomorphic.

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b) If R is a ring such that $a^2 = a \quad \forall \ a \in R$ prove that

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- i) a + a = 0
- ii) $a + b = 0 \implies a = b$
- iii) R is a commutative ring.

OR

8.

b)

Show that the set S of all matrices of the form $\begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ -b & a \end{bmatrix}$, $a, b \in R$ is a field with respect to matrix addition and multiplication.

Construct switching circuit for the Boolean polynomial $(A \cdot B) + (A \cdot B') + (A' \cdot B')$.

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9. a) Draw a digraph corresponding to the adjacency matrix

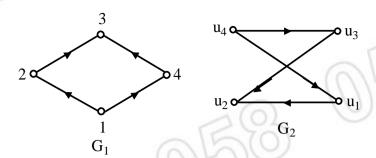
Simplify this and construct an equivalent circuit.

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$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Give all possible paths of length 2. Is there any cycle of length 2?

b) Show that the two graphs G_1 and G_2 given below are isomorphic.



c) Draw tree and corresponding binary tree for the relation given by

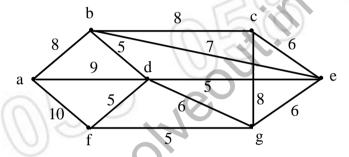
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$$R = \{(1, 2), (1, 3), (1, 4), (2, 5), (4, 6), (4, 7)\}$$
 on set

$$A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$$

OR

10. a) Apply prims algorithm to construct a minimal spanning tree for the weighted graph given below.



b) Define:

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i) Null graph

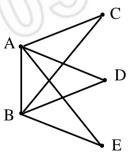
ii) Trail

iii) Reachable node

iv) Tree

v) Height of the tree

- vi) Radius of a graph
- c) Define Eulerian path and Eulerian circuit. Show that the graph given below is an Eulerian graph and circuit.



11. a) Solve the following recurrence relation by using generating function

 $a_n = 3a_{n-1} + 2$, $a_0 = 1$

b) Show that if seven numbers from 1 to 12 are chosen then two of them will add upto 13.

OR

12. a) Find the generating function of n^2 , $n \ge 0$.

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b) Let n be a positive integer. Prove that

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$$\binom{n}{0} + \binom{n}{2} + \binom{n}{4} + \dots = \binom{n}{1} + \binom{n}{3} + \binom{n}{5} + \dots$$
