# NTK/KW/15/7320/7325

Faculty of Engineering & Technology

Third Semester B.E. (Computer Technology)/C.S.E. (C.B.S.) Examination

### **APPLIED MATHEMATICS—III**

Time : Three Hours] [Maximum Marks : 80 INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES (1) All questions are compulsory. (2) Assume suitable data wherever necessary. (3) Solve SIX questions as follows : Question No. 1 OR Question No. 2 Question No. 3 OR Question No. 4 Question No. 5 OR Question No. 6 Question No. 7 OR Question No. 8 Question No. 9 OR Question No. 10

Question No. 11 OR Question No. 12.

(4) Use of non-programmable Calculator is permitted.

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1. (a) If 
$$L[f(t)] = F(s)$$
, then show that  
 $L\left[\frac{1}{t}f(t)\right] = \int_{s}^{\infty} F(s) ds$ . Hence find  $L\left[\frac{1-\cos t}{t}\right]$ .  
(b) Find  $L^{-1}\left[\frac{s^{2}}{(s^{2}+a^{2})^{2}}\right]$ 
6

OR

Find the Laplace transform of the function f(t) given 2. (a) by

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} \sin wt & 0 < t < p / w \\ 0 & \frac{p}{w} < t < 2p / w \end{cases}$$

where 
$$f\left(t + \frac{2p}{w}\right) = f(t)$$
.

(b) A particle moves in a line so that its displacement x from a fixed point O at any time t, is given by :

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 4\frac{dx}{dt} + 5x = 80 \text{ sin } 5t.$$

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Using Laplace transform, find its displacement at any time t if x and x' vanish at t = 0. 6

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3. (a) Find a Fourier series to represent 
$$(x - x^2)$$
 from  $x = -\pi$  to  $\pi$  and hence show that :

$$\frac{p^2}{1^2} = \frac{1}{1^2} - \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} - \frac{1}{4^2} + \dots \qquad 6$$

(b) Find Fourier transform of  $e^{ax}$ , where a > 0.

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### OR

(a) Obtain half range cosine series for f(x), 5 solvenit f(x) = 2x - 1; 0 < x < 1. Hence show that :  $\frac{p^2}{8} = \frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} + \dots$ 6 (b) Find Fourier transform of f(x), where  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 - |x| & \text{if } |x| < 1 \\ 0 & \text{if } |x| > 1 \end{cases} \text{ and }$ 

hence find the value of 
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\sin t}{t} dt$$
. 6

5. (a) If Z[f(n)] = F(z), then show that Z[n.f(n)] =  

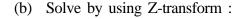
$$-z\frac{d}{dz}F(z)$$
. Hence show that  $Z\{n^2\} = \frac{z(z+1)}{(z-1)^3}$ .

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4.

(Contd.)



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$$y_{n+2} + 5y_{n+1} + 6y_n = 6^n, y_0 = 0, y_1 = 1.$$
 6  
OR

6. (a) Find 
$$Z^{1}\left[\frac{a \ z(z+a)}{(z-a)^{3}}\right]$$
. 6

- (b) Find  $Z[9^n \cdot \cos n \theta]$ .
- 7. Prove that  $u = e^{-x} (x \sin y - y \cos y)$  is a harmonic (a) function. Hence construct analytic function f(z). 7

(b) Evaluate 
$$\oint_{C} \frac{z+4}{z^2+2z+5} dz$$
, where C is the circle  $|z+1| = 1$ .  
**OR**  
(a) Expand the function  $f(z) = \frac{z^2-1}{(z+2)(z+1)}$  in the

### OR

(a) Expand the function  $f(z) = \frac{z^2 - 1}{(z+2)(z+3)}$  in the regions (i) |z| < 2 (ii) 2 < |z| < 3 by Laurent's series 8. series.

(b) Evaluate 
$$\int_{0}^{p} \frac{1}{3+2\cos ?} d\theta$$
, by contour integration.

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8

6

State and prove Cayley-Hamilton theorem for matrix 9. (a) A. Hence find  $A^{-1}$ , where :

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & 5 \\ 1 & 4 & 12 \end{bmatrix}$$
6

(b) Are the following vectors linearly dependent ? If so, find the relationship between them :  $X_1 = [1, 2, 4], X_2 = [2, -1, 3], X_3 = [0, 1, 2],$  $X_4 = [-3, 7, 2].$ 6 Use Sylvester's theorem to show that  $\sin^2 A + \cos^2$ A = I, where A =  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ . 6 OR 10. (a) Diagonalise the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ . 6

(b) Find largest eigen value by iteration method of the matrix :

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$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & -2 & 0 \\ -2 & 6 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$
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(Contd.)

(c) Solve 
$$\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} - 3\frac{dy}{dt} - 10y = 0$$
 given  $y(0) = 3$ ,  
 $y'(0) = 15$  by matrix method. 6

11. (a) A random variable X has the following probability distribution :

(i)

- Х f(x)12. (a) 0 a www.solveout function is given by : 1 3a 2 5a  $\frac{1}{b-a}$ a < x < b f(x) = 7a 3 otherwise 9a 4 (b) 5 11a 13a 6 15a to receive an A? 7 8 17a Determine the value of a (ii)  $P(x \le 4)$ (iii) P(x > 5)
- (iv) Distribution function. 6 7 MVM-47064 6 (Contd.) MVM-47064 4450

(b) In a bolt factory, machines A, B and C manufacture respectively 25%, 35% and 40% of the total. Of their output 5%, 4% and 2% are defective bolts. A bolt is drawn at random from the product and is found to be defective, what is the probability that it was manufactured by machine B? 6

## OR

Find moment generating function and first four moment about origin of random variable x, whose density

6

The mean grade on a final examination was 72 and the standard deviation was 9. The top 10% of the students are to receive 'A' grade. What is the minimum grade a student must get in order 6